Industrial Machine Connectivity (IMC) Kit

Virtual Deployment User Guide

**Introduction:**

The virtual deployment is intended for demonstration, training and evaluation of the Kit’s capabilities. EC2 instances will be launched to simulate edge gateway hardware but in all other respects the experience will mirror that of the real physical deployment. This deployment mode relies on simulated tag values generated by the partner edge software. There are no physical PLCs or sensors that are being connected.

**Deployment Options:**

There are several options for the virtual deployment configuration which depend on 2 configuration choices:

1. Data Flow option - There are 3 options for data flow:
   1. Option 1
   2. Option 2a
   3. Option 2b
2. Ignition Server Tag Hierarchy Source
   1. Cirrus Link Module - This option is based on the Cirrus Link MQTT Transmission Module implementing the SparkplugB MQTT spec to publish birth certificates when a node or device is created within the Ignition Designer UI dashboard. The AMC runs automatically without a manual step with this option and results in assets provisioned within AWS IoT SiteWise.
   2. Ignition File Export - This option is based on exporting a JSON tag hierarchy definition file from Ignition Server and uploading it into an S3 bucket. Once the file is uploaded to the S3 bucket, the AMC runs automatically, resulting in assets provisioned within AWS IoT SiteWise.

Depending on the choices of these 2 configuration options, there are a total of 6 deployment modes:

## Virtual Option 1 Cirrus Link Module

## Virtual Option 1 Ignition File Export

## Virtual Option 2a Cirrus Link Module

## Virtual Option 2a Ignition File Export

## Virtual Option 2b Cirrus Link Module

## Virtual Option 2b Ignition File Export

**Get Started**

1. Ensure that you are preparing pre-requisite resources and launching the CloudFormation stack in one of the 3 supported regions for the IMC kit:
   1. us-east-1
   2. us-west-2
   3. eu-west-1
2. Complete the setup steps defined in the Pre-Requisites section below.
3. Select one of the 6 deployment modes from the list above and proceed to the appropriate section that details the deployment steps for the mode you selected in the list above. Each virtual deployment mode has the following sections:
   1. CloudFormation stack launch
   2. Post deployment steps
   3. Troubleshooting - Refer to this section to troubleshoot IMC stack launch and operation.
4. Virtual Cleanup - Refer to this section to cleanup AWS resources launched for the IMC kit.
5. Virtual FAQ - Refer to this section for FAQs regarding IMC kit.

## Pre-Requisites:

* **AWS account with SSO enabled & User created:**
  + **Enable AWS SSO**
    - Navigate to the SSO service in the AWS console
    - A screenshot of a cell phone

      Description automatically generatedClick “Enable AWS SSO”
    - A screenshot of a cell phone

      Description automatically generatedIf you don’t have an AWS organization set up for your account (required for AWS SSO usage), you’ll be prompted to set one up. Click “Create AWS organization”.
    - For extra documentation, visit AWS:
      * <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/singlesignon/latest/userguide/getting-started.html>
  + **Create a Group:**
    - Navigate to the SSO service in the AWS console
    - Click on “Groups” in the left-hand navbar
    - A screenshot of a cell phone

      Description automatically generatedIf none exist, click the blue “Create group” button
    - A screenshot of a cell phone

      Description automatically generatedFill out the required fields, then click “Create”
  + **Create an SSO user:**
    - Navigate to the SSO service in the AWS console
    - Click on “Users” in the left-hand navbar
    - A screenshot of a cell phone

      Description automatically generatedClick the blue “Add user” button
    - A screenshot of a cell phone

      Description automatically generatedFill out the required fields
    - Click “Next: Groups”
    - A screenshot of a cell phone

      Description automatically generatedSelect a group, then click the blue “Add user” button
* **EC2 SSH Key Pair:** If you do not already have an EC2 SSH Key Pair available (PEM file format), create one in the region you are launching the CloudFormation stack,
  + EC2 SSH Key Pair Documentation:<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/UserGuide/ec2-key-pairs.html>
* **Create IoT SiteWise Service-linked Role Using the AWS CLI:** 
  + Run the following command from the AWS CLI:
    - aws iam create-service-linked-role --aws-service-name iotsitewise.amazonaws.com --description "Service-linked role to support IoT SiteWise"
  + Service-Linked-Role Documentation: <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/iot-sitewise/latest/userguide/using-service-linked-roles.html>

Deployment Modes:

## Virtual Option 1 Cirrus Link Module

## Virtual Option 1 Ignition File Export

## Virtual Option 2a Cirrus Link Module

## Virtual Option 2a Ignition File Export

## Virtual Option 2b Cirrus Link Module

## Virtual Option 2b Ignition File Export

## Virtual Option 1 Cirrus Link Module

Open up the AWS Console and navigate to the CloudFormation console. Create a new stack and select “with new resources (standard)”).

### CloudFormation stack launch

**Step 1: Specify templates**

* Pre-Requisite:
  1. Select “Template is ready”
* Specify Template (Choose one of the below):
  1. Template Source: Leave as default – “Amazon S3 URL”. Most users will want to use the “IMC-main.template.yaml” CloudFormation main template that’s in the AWS Quick Start S3 bucket. The full S3 URL for the main template is:
     1. Main Template S3 URL: https://aws-quickstart.s3.amazonaws.com/quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/templates/IMC-main.template.yaml
     2. This template launches the solution in a new VPC. Note, only 5 VPCs per account are permitted.
  2. Alternatively, launch the “IMC-workload.template.yaml” Cloudformation template. The workload template launches the solution in your default VPC.
     1. Workload Template S3 URL: https://aws-quickstart.s3.amazonaws.com/quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/templates/IMC-workload.template.yaml
* Click Next to proceed to Step 2 of the CloudFormation stack launch (Specify stack details)

**Step 2 – Specify Stack Details (if using main template)**

* Stack Name:
  + Stack Name: Give the stack a unique name such as “IMC-Virtual”
* Parameters
  + Network Configuration
    - VPC CIDR: Defaults to 10.0.0.0/16. Change if desired
    - Public subnet 1 CIDR: Defaults to 10.0.128.0/20. Change if desired
    - VPC Tenancy: Defaults to non-dedicated. Change if desired.
  + AWS Quick Start Configuration
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Name: aws-quickstart
    - QuickStart S3 Key Prefix: quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Region: Suggested to leave as default “us-east-1”
  + Edge Deployment Configuration
    - Name for the edge device**:** You may leave as default or, if desired, you may specify a new name for the edge device. This name will be the name of the Greengrass group that gets created with this stack.
    - Type of Deployment (Virtual or Physical):Virtual
    - Deployment Flow: Select “Option 1”.
  + Amazon EC2 Configuration
    - SSH Key Name: Select your SSH Key Name (EC2 Key Pair). This is the Key Pair used to SSH into the EC2 instances and bootstrap the partner edge software application and AWS IoT Greengrass, respectively.
    - Greengrass EC2 Instance Type**:** (default: t3.small) You can select a larger (t3.medium) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - Ignition EC2 Instance Types: (default: t3.large) You can select a larger (t3.xlarge) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - Select the Asset Model Converter (AMC) Driver: Leave as default “IgnitionCirrusLink”.
    - User Public IP Address: Input your public IP address in the format “x.x.x.x” so the EC2 instance security groups allow access from your IP address.

**Step 2: Specify stack details (if using workload template)**

* Stack Name:
  + Stack Name: Give the stack a unique name such as “IMC-Virtual”
* Parameters:
  + Edge Deployment Configuration
    - Name for the edge device**:** You may leave as default or, if desired, you may specify a new name for the edge device. This name will be the name of the Greengrass group that gets created with this stack.
    - Type of Deployment (Virtual or Physical):Virtual
    - Deployment Flow: Select “Option 1”
  + Amazon EC2 Configuration
    - SSH Key Name: Select your SSH Key Name (EC2 Key Pair). This is the Key Pair used to SSH into the EC2 instances and bootstrap the partner edge software application and AWS IoT Greengrass, respectively.
    - VPC ID: Find your default VPC ID and copy it into this field.
    - Greengrass EC2 Instance Type**:** (default: t3.small) You can select a larger (t3.medium) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - Ignition EC2 Instance Types: (default: t3.large) You can select a larger (t3.xlarge) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - EC2 Subnet: Find the VPC Subnet associated with availability zone [your\_region\_here]a in your account and use that value in this field.
    - CIDR range for Ignition/Greengrass: Navigate to the VPC console, navigate to “subnets”, and copy the IPv4 CIDR range associated with the default VPC’s us-east-1a subnet to your clipboard. Use the copied value for this field.
  + AWS Quick Start Configuration
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Name: aws-quickstart
    - QuickStart S3 Key Prefix: quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Region: Suggested to leave as default “us-east-1”
    - Select the Asset Model Converter (AMC) Driver: Leave as default “IgnitionCirrusLink”.
    - User Public IP Address: Input your public IP address in the format “x.x.x.x” so the EC2 instance security groups allow access from your IP address.
  + Click “Next” to proceed to Step 3 “Configure stack options”
* **Step 3: Configure stack options**
  + Accept all defaults
  + Click “Next” to proceed to Step 4 “Review”
* **Step 4: Review**
  + Review and accept the acknowledgements at the bottom of the page
  + Click “Create stack” to launch the CloudFormation stack

**Stack Deployment:**

Stack deployment will take approximately 5-10 minutes. You can track the progress of the stack launch by viewing the “Events” tab of the stack.

* Verify SiteWise Asset Creation
  + After the CloudFormation stack is complete, navigate to the AWS IoT SiteWise console. From there you can watch as the assets and models are created in SiteWise and associated with each other into a single hierarchy.
  + This will take several minutes (up to 10 minutes), but once it's completed you should see an asset structure much like this one:

```

/AWS Smart Factory

/AWS Smart Factory/Smart Factory 1

/AWS Smart Factory/Smart Factory 1/Line 1

/AWS Smart Factory/Smart Factory 1/Line 1/Conveyer

/AWS Smart Factory/Smart Factory 1/Line 1/Hauloff

/AWS Smart Factory/Smart Factory 1/Line 1/Stamping Machine

...

```

### Post Deployment Steps

Once the CloudFormation stack is completed, follow the steps to configure the IMC Kit to make it operational.

**Option 1 Steps**

* 1. Accept SiteWise Certificate in Ignition: To enable the SiteWise to ingest data over OPC UA from Ignition’s OPC UA server, you must accept the certificate presented by the SiteWise connector within Ignition. Open up the SiteWise server UI using the URL available in the output of the CloudFormation stack. The format of the URL is: http://<IginitionServerPublicIP>:8088
     1. The IgnitionServerPublicIP address is the same as the public IP address of the EC2 instance on which Ignition Server is running. The name of the EC2 instance should end with ‘/Ignition’
     2. Reminder: The security group of this EC2 instance is opening up the 8088 port to IP addresses in a specific CIDR block based on the “public IP address” parameter you entered during the CloudFormation stack launch.
  2. Once the Ignition Web UI is open, click “sign in” in the top right corner and login with the default credentials:
     1. Username: admin
     2. Password: password
  3. It is recommended that you update the username and password from the default values immediately after login.
  4. Navigate to "OPC UA -> Security -> Server" and wait for the quarantined certificate to appear (from AWS IoT SiteWise Gateway). You should see a single entry under 'Quarantined Certificates' named something like 'AWS IoT SiteWise Gateway Client'.
     1. Click “Trust” to accept the certificate. At this point, the SiteWise connector will start consuming data over OPC UA from Ignition and this data will be sent up to the AWS IoT SiteWise in the cloud.

1. Update the SiteWise Gateway
   1. Navigate to AWS IoT SiteWise console and select Ingest🡪Gateways
   2. Select the gateway created during the stack launch.
      1. Naming convention: [name\_of\_stack]\_Automated\_Gateway
   3. Click “Edit” in the Source Configuration for Automated Gateway Config” section
   4. Click “Save” at the bottom. No changes are necessary. This action simply activates the SiteWise gateway to ensure data flows from the OPC UA server.
2. Validate Incoming PLC Data
   1. Now that you've trusted the certificate, go back to the AWS IoT SiteWise console.
   2. In the SiteWise console, click the icon on the left side of the page, select build🡪assets
   3. In the asset tree on the left, drill down to an asset (i.e. Hauloff or Conveyor), select it and then select “Measurements” tab for that asset.
   4. Verify that the values in the “Latest value” column are updating. This indicates that the Ignition simulation of those virtual devices and sensors is properly sending data through to the SiteWise connector in Greengrass and up to AWS IoT SiteWise in the AWS cloud.

### 

### View SiteWise Portal Data

**Note:** SSO must be enabled in the region your launched in the CloudFormation stack in and you must have a user created in that region in order to access the SiteWise Monitor dashboards in the following sections.

**Log in to SiteWise Monitor Portal**

1. For a more visual display of the data, navigate to the SiteWise console, select the icon on the left and select Monitor🡪 Portals.
2. Select the hyperlinked "name" of the Portal most recently added (the topmost on the list).
3. Add yourself as an administrator of the Portal by clicking “Assign Users” in the Portal Administrators section
4. Once you are listed as a Portal Administrator, click the hyperlinked URL in the Portal details section under the “URL” column. This URL should have the format <https://[XXXXX....XXXXXX].app.iotsitewise.aws>.
5. Log in with the credentials (username and password) you just created for your administrator account.

**View Data in SiteWise Monitor Portal**

1. Select “Dashboards” tab on the left-hand side, then select the newly created dashboard hyperlink under the “Name” column of the Dashboards page.
   1. Data should be flowing into the line charts for the asset measurement properties
2. You can also see data for individual assets by navigating to the “Asset Library” tab on the left and selecting an asset from the asset tree. Once an asset is selected, you can view its properties.

### Troubleshooting

**Quarantined certificate in Ignition doesn't show up, or data doesn’t show up for Option 1 deployments**

First, verify that the Ignition trial period (2 hours) has not expired. If that action does not remediate the issue, repeat the process of refreshing the SiteWise Gateway:

1. Navigate to the AWS IoT SiteWise console and select Ingest 🡪 Gateways
2. Select the gateway created during the stack launch:
   1. Naming convention: [name\_of\_stack]\_Automated\_Gateway
3. Click “Edit” in the Source Configuration for Automated Gateway Config section
4. Click “Save” at the bottom. No changes are necessary. This action simply activates the SiteWise gateway to ensure data flows from the OPC UA server.
5. If it hasn’t already been done, look for and accept the quarantined certificate in Ignition.

**Can’t access Ignition Web UI**

Ensure that you’re attempting to make the connection from the same network you defined as “Your Public IP” while setting up the stack. If you’re attempting from a different network, you’ll need to edit the security group associated with the two EC2 instances (it is the same security group).

1. Navigate to the EC2 console
2. Highlight one of the two EC2 instances that has been created for your deployment
3. Scroll to the right and click on the Security Group associated with the EC2 instance
4. Edit the “inbound” rules for the rule associated with port 8088 to match the IP address you’re attempting the connection from.

**Narrowing Ignition/Greengrass Permissions (for workload template deployments only)**

1. Navigate to the EC2 console
2. Take note of the private IP addresses of the following
   1. The Greengrass EC2 instance for the current deployment
   2. The Ignition EC2 instance for the current deployment
3. Highlight one of the two EC2 instances that has been created for your deployment
4. Scroll to the right and click on the Security Group associated with the EC2 instance
5. Edit the rule associated with port 8883 and replace “0.0.0.0/0” with the private IP address for the Ignition EC2 instance
6. Edit the rule associated with port 62541 and replace “0.0.0.0/0” with the private IP address for the Greengrass EC2 instance

## Virtual Option 1 Ignition File Export

Open up the AWS Console and navigate to the CloudFormation console. Create a new stack and select “with new resources (standard)”).

### CloudFormation stack launch

**Step 1: Specify templates**

* Pre-Requisite:
  1. Select “Template is ready”
* Specify Template (Choose one of the below):
  1. Template Source: Leave as default – “Amazon S3 URL”. Most users will want to use the “IMC-main.template.yaml” CloudFormation main template that’s in the AWS Quick Start S3 bucket. The full S3 URL for the main template is:
     1. Main Template S3 URL: https://aws-quickstart.s3.amazonaws.com/quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/templates/IMC-main.template.yaml
     2. This template launches the solution in a new VPC. Note, only 5 VPCs per account are permitted.
  2. Alternatively, launch the “IMC-workload.template.yaml” Cloudformation template. The workload template launches the solution in your default VPC.
     1. Workload Template S3 URL: https://aws-quickstart.s3.amazonaws.com/quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/templates/IMC-workload.template.yaml
* Click Next to proceed to Step 2 of the CloudFormation stack launch (Specify stack details)

**Step 2 – Specify Stack Details (if using main template)**

* Stack Name:
  + Stack Name: Give the stack a unique name such as “IMC-Virtual”
* Parameters
  + Network Configuration
    - VPC CIDR: Defaults to 10.0.0.0/16. Change if desired
    - Public subnet 1 CIDR: Defaults to 10.0.128.0/20. Change if desired
    - VPC Tenancy: Defaults to non-dedicated. Change if desired.
  + AWS Quick Start Configuration
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Name: aws-quickstart
    - QuickStart S3 Key Prefix: quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Region: Suggested to leave as default “us-east-1”
  + Edge Deployment Configuration
    - Name for the edge device**:** You may leave as default or, if desired, you may specify a new name for the edge device. This name will be the name of the Greengrass group that gets created with this stack.
    - Type of Deployment (Virtual or Physical):Virtual
    - Deployment Flow: Select “Option 1”.
  + Amazon EC2 Configuration
    - SSH Key Name: Select your SSH Key Name (EC2 Key Pair). This is the Key Pair used to SSH into the EC2 instances and bootstrap the partner edge software application and AWS IoT Greengrass, respectively.
    - Greengrass EC2 Instance Type**:** (default: t3.small) You can select a larger (t3.medium) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - Ignition EC2 Instance Types: (default: t3.large) You can select a larger (t3.xlarge) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - Select the Asset Model Converter (AMC) Driver: Select “IgnitionFileExport”.
    - User Public IP Address: Input your public IP address in the format “x.x.x.x” so the EC2 instance security groups allow access from your IP address.

**Step 2: Specify stack details (if using workload template)**

* Stack Name:
  + Stack Name: Give the stack a unique name such as “IMC-Virtual”
* Parameters:
  + Edge Deployment Configuration
    - Name for the edge device**:** You may leave as default or, if desired, you may specify a new name for the edge device. This name will be the name of the Greengrass group that gets created with this stack.
    - Type of Deployment (Virtual or Physical):Virtual
    - Deployment Flow: Select “Option 1”
  + Amazon EC2 Configuration
    - SSH Key Name: Select your SSH Key Name (EC2 Key Pair). This is the Key Pair used to SSH into the EC2 instances and bootstrap the partner edge software application and AWS IoT Greengrass, respectively.
    - VPC ID: Find your default VPC ID and copy it into this field.
    - Greengrass EC2 Instance Type**:** (default: t3.small) You can select a larger (t3.medium) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - Ignition EC2 Instance Types: (default: t3.large) You can select a larger (t3.xlarge) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - EC2 Subnet: Find the VPC Subnet associated with availability zone [your\_region\_here]a in your account and use that value in this field.
    - CIDR range for Ignition/Greengrass: Navigate to the VPC console, navigate to “subnets”, and copy the IPv4 CIDR range associated with the default VPC’s us-east-1a subnet to your clipboard. Use the copied value for this field.
  + AWS Quick Start Configuration
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Name: aws-quickstart
    - QuickStart S3 Key Prefix: quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Region: Suggested to leave as default “us-east-1”
    - Select the Asset Model Converter (AMC) Driver: Select “IgnitionFileExport”.
    - User Public IP Address: Input your public IP address in the format “x.x.x.x” so the EC2 instance security groups allow access from your IP address.
  + Click “Next” to proceed to Step 3 “Configure stack options”
* **Step 3: Configure stack options**
  + Accept all defaults
  + Click “Next” to proceed to Step 4 “Review”
* **Step 4: Review**
  + Review and accept the acknowledgements at the bottom of the page
  + Click “Create stack” to launch the CloudFormation stack

**Stack Deployment:**

Stack deployment will take approximately 5-10 minutes. You can track the progress of the stack launch by viewing the “Events” tab of the stack.

### Post Deployment Steps

Once the CloudFormation stack is completed, follow the steps to configure the IMC Kit to make it operational.

**Option 1 Steps**

1. Export the JSON file that describes your project hierarchy in Ignition.
   1. Download the Ignition Designer software
      1. Open the Ignition Server UI by clicking the URL available in the output of the CloudFormation stack. The format of the URL is: http://<IginitionServerPublicIP>:8088
      2. The IgnitionServerPublicIP address is the same as the public IP address of the EC2 instance on which Ignition Server is running. The name of the EC2 instance should end with ‘/Ignition’
      3. Reminder: The security group of this EC2 instance is opening up the 8088 port to IP addresses in a specific CIDR block based on the “public IP address” parameter you entered during the CloudFormation stack launch.
      4. Once the Ignition Web UI is open, click “sign in” in the top right corner and login with the default credentials:
         1. Username: admin
         2. Password: password
            1. It is recommended that you update the username and password from the default values immediately after login.
      5. On the top right corner of the screen, click “Get Designer”
      6. Follow the instructions to install the Ignition Designer software application for your local machine’s operating system
   2. Open the Ignition Designer and connect to your ignition server
      1. Launch the Designer
      2. Click “Add Designer”
      3. Click “Manually Add Gateway”
      4. Add a Gateway URL in the following format: <http://[ignition_ec2_public_ip]:8088>
      5. Under the Gateway tile you just added, click “Launch”
      6. Supply the username and password (defined previously) and click “Login”
   3. A screenshot of a cell phone

      Description automatically generatedIn the Tag Browser, under “Tag Providers” select “default” and click export.
2. Upload the JSON file from step 1 into the following S3 bucket created during deployment to trigger the AMC and creation of models and assets in SiteWise:
   1. [name\_of\_stack]-[amcincomingresource]-[hash]
      1. Upon dropping the JSON file in this S3 bucket, an S3 event trigger will automatically invoke the AMC Lambda function
   2. Wait for the AMC to complete creating your models and assets in SiteWise
3. Accept SiteWise Certificate in Ignition: To enable the SiteWise to ingest data over OPC UA from Ignition’s OPC UA server, you must accept the certificate presented by the SiteWise connector within Ignition.
   1. Open the Ignition web UI: Navigate to the AWS EC2 Console and find the EC2 instance running Ignition server. It should be named you should see an instance named “Virtual/Option1/Ignition
   2. Get the public IP address of that instance, and load a URL like this into your browser of choice: http://<IginitionServerPublicIP>:8088
   3. Once the Ignition Web UI is open, you should see a gear like icon on the left labeled 'Config'. Click that, and it will ask you to log in. The default credentials are:
      1. Username: admin
      2. Password: password
   4. Navigate to "OPC UA -> Security -> Server" and wait for the quarantined certificate to appear (from AWS IoT SiteWise Gateway). You should see a single entry under 'Quarantined Certificates' named something like 'AWS IoT SiteWise Gateway Client'.
      1. Click “Trust” to accept the certificate. At this point, the SiteWise connector will start consuming data over OPC UA from Ignition and this data will be sent up to the AWS IoT SiteWise in the cloud.
4. Update the SiteWise Gateway
   1. Navigate to AWS IoT SiteWise console and select Ingest🡪Gateways
   2. Select the gateway created during the stack launch.
      1. Naming convention: [name\_of\_stack]\_Automated\_Gateway
   3. Click “Edit” in the Source Configuration for Automated Gateway Config” section
   4. Click “Save” at the bottom. No changes are necessary. This action simply activates the SiteWise gateway to ensure data flows from the OPC UA server.
5. Validate Incoming PLC Data
   1. Now that you've trusted the certificate, go back to the AWS IoT SiteWise console.
   2. In the SiteWise console, click the icon on the left side of the page, select build🡪assets
   3. In the asset tree on the left, drill down to an asset (i.e. Hauloff or Conveyor), select it and then select “Measurements” tab for that asset.
   4. Verify that the values in the “Latest value” column are updating. This indicates that the Ignition simulation of those virtual devices and sensors is properly sending data through to the SiteWise connector in Greengrass and up to AWS IoT SiteWise in the AWS cloud.

### View SiteWise Portal Data

**Log in to SiteWise Monitor Portal**

1. For a more visual display of the data, navigate to the SiteWise console, select the icon on the left and select Monitor🡪 Portals.
2. Select the hyperlinked "name" of the Portal most recently added (the topmost on the list).
3. Add yourself as an administrator of the Portal by clicking “Assign Users” in the Portal Administrators section
4. Once you are listed as a Portal Administrator, click the hyperlinked URL in the Portal details section under the “URL” column. This URL should have the format <https://[XXXXX....XXXXXX].app.iotsitewise.aws>.
5. Log in with the credentials (username and password) you just created for your administrator account.

**View Data in SiteWise Monitor Portal**

1. Select “Dashboards” tab on the left-hand side, then select the newly created dashboard hyperlink under the “Name” column of the Dashboards page.
   1. Data should be flowing into the line charts for the asset measurement properties
2. You can also see data for individual assets by navigating to the “Asset Library” tab on the left and selecting an asset from the asset tree. Once an asset is selected, you can view its properties.

### Troubleshooting

**Models and assets weren’t created in SiteWise**

Check the Lambda function responsible for creating the models and assets in SiteWise for errors:

1. In the AWS lambda console, navigate to the function named [name\_of\_stack]-AssetModelIngestionLambdaResource-[hash]
2. Hit the “Monitoring” tab
3. Click “View logs in CloudWatch”
4. Click into the most recent Log Stream and find the error message

**Quarantined certificate in Ignition doesn't show up, or data doesn’t show up for Option 1 deployments**

First, verify that the Ignition trial period (2 hours) has not expired. If that action does not remediate the issue, repeat the process of refreshing the SiteWise Gateway:

1. Navigate to the AWS IoT SiteWise console and select Ingest 🡪 Gateways
2. Select the gateway created during the stack launch:
   1. Naming convention: [name\_of\_stack]\_Automated\_Gateway
3. Click “Edit” in the Source Configuration for Automated Gateway Config section
4. Click “Save” at the bottom. No changes are necessary. This action simply activates the SiteWise gateway to ensure data flows from the OPC UA server.
5. If it hasn’t already been done, look for and accept the quarantined certificate in Ignition.

**Can’t access Ignition Web UI**

Ensure that you’re attempting to make the connection from the same network you defined as “Your Public IP” while setting up the stack. If you’re attempting from a different network, you’ll need to edit the security group associated with the two EC2 instances (it is the same security group).

1. Navigate to the EC2 console
2. Highlight one of the two EC2 instances that has been created for your deployment
3. Scroll to the right and click on the Security Group associated with the EC2 instance
4. Edit the “inbound” rules for the rule associated with port 8088 to match the IP address you’re attempting the connection from

**Narrowing Ignition/Greengrass Permissions (for workload template deployments only)**

1. Navigate to the EC2 console
2. Take note of the private IP addresses of the following
   1. The Greengrass EC2 instance for the current deployment
   2. The Ignition EC2 instance for the current deployment
3. Highlight one of the two EC2 instances that has been created for your deployment
4. Scroll to the right and click on the Security Group associated with the EC2 instance
5. Edit the rule associated with port 8883 and replace “0.0.0.0/0” with the private IP address for the Ignition EC2 instance
6. Edit the rule associated with port 62541 and replace “0.0.0.0/0” with the private IP address for the Greengrass EC2 instance

## Virtual Option 2a Cirrus Link Module

Open up the AWS Console and navigate to the CloudFormation console. Create a new stack and select “with new resources (standard)”).

### CloudFormation stack launch

**Step 1: Specify templates**

* Pre-Requisite:
  1. Select “Template is ready”
* Specify Template (Choose one of the below):
  1. Template Source: Leave as default – “Amazon S3 URL”. Most users will want to use the “IMC-main.template.yaml” CloudFormation main template that’s in the AWS Quick Start S3 bucket. The full S3 URL for the main template is:
     1. Main Template S3 URL: https://aws-quickstart.s3.amazonaws.com/quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/templates/IMC-main.template.yaml
     2. This template launches the solution in a new VPC. Note, only 5 VPCs per account are permitted.
  2. Alternatively, launch the “IMC-workload.template.yaml” Cloudformation template. The workload template launches the solution in your default VPC.
     1. Workload Template S3 URL: https://aws-quickstart.s3.amazonaws.com/quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/templates/IMC-workload.template.yaml
* Click Next to proceed to Step 2 of the CloudFormation stack launch (Specify stack details)

**Step 2 – Specify Stack Details (if using main template)**

* Stack Name:
  + Stack Name: Give the stack a unique name such as “IMC-Virtual”
* Parameters
  + Network Configuration
    - VPC CIDR: Defaults to 10.0.0.0/16. Change if desired
    - Public subnet 1 CIDR: Defaults to 10.0.128.0/20. Change if desired
    - VPC Tenancy: Defaults to non-dedicated. Change if desired.
  + AWS Quick Start Configuration
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Name: aws-quickstart
    - QuickStart S3 Key Prefix: quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Region: Suggested to leave as default “us-east-1”
  + Edge Deployment Configuration
    - Name for the edge device**:** You may leave as default or, if desired, you may specify a new name for the edge device. This name will be the name of the Greengrass group that gets created with this stack.
    - Type of Deployment (Virtual or Physical):Virtual
    - Deployment Flow: Select “Option 2a”.
  + Amazon EC2 Configuration
    - SSH Key Name: Select your SSH Key Name (EC2 Key Pair). This is the Key Pair used to SSH into the EC2 instances and bootstrap the partner edge software application and AWS IoT Greengrass, respectively.
    - Greengrass EC2 Instance Type**:** (default: t3.small) You can select a larger (t3.medium) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - Ignition EC2 Instance Types: (default: t3.large) You can select a larger (t3.xlarge) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - Select the Asset Model Converter (AMC) Driver: Leave as default “IgnitionCirrusLink”.
    - User Public IP Address: Input your public IP address in the format “x.x.x.x” so the EC2 instance security groups allow access from your IP address.

**Step 2: Specify stack details (if using workload template)**

* Stack Name:
  + Stack Name: Give the stack a unique name such as “IMC-Virtual”
* Parameters:
  + Edge Deployment Configuration
    - Name for the edge device**:** You may leave as default or, if desired, you may specify a new name for the edge device. This name will be the name of the Greengrass group that gets created with this stack.
    - Type of Deployment (Virtual or Physical):Virtual
    - Deployment Flow: Select “Option 2a”
  + Amazon EC2 Configuration
    - SSH Key Name: Select your SSH Key Name (EC2 Key Pair). This is the Key Pair used to SSH into the EC2 instances and bootstrap the partner edge software application and AWS IoT Greengrass, respectively.
    - VPC ID: Find your default VPC ID and copy it into this field.
    - Greengrass EC2 Instance Type**:** (default: t3.small) You can select a larger (t3.medium) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - Ignition EC2 Instance Types: (default: t3.large) You can select a larger (t3.xlarge) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - EC2 Subnet: Find the VPC Subnet associated with availability zone [your\_region\_here]a in your account and use that value in this field.
    - CIDR range for Ignition/Greengrass: Navigate to the VPC console, navigate to “subnets”, and copy the IPv4 CIDR range associated with the default VPC’s us-east-1a subnet to your clipboard. Use the copied value for this field.
  + AWS Quick Start Configuration
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Name: aws-quickstart
    - QuickStart S3 Key Prefix: quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Region: Suggested to leave as default “us-east-1”
    - Select the Asset Model Converter (AMC) Driver: Leave as default “IgnitionCirrusLink”.
    - User Public IP Address: Input your public IP address in the format “x.x.x.x” so the EC2 instance security groups allow access from your IP address.
  + Click “Next” to proceed to Step 3 “Configure stack options”
* **Step 3: Configure stack options**
  + Accept all defaults
  + Click “Next” to proceed to Step 4 “Review”
* **Step 4: Review**
  + Review and accept the acknowledgements at the bottom of the page
  + Click “Create stack” to launch the CloudFormation stack

**Stack Deployment:**

Stack deployment will take approximately 5-10 minutes. You can track the progress of the stack launch by viewing the “Events” tab of the stack.

### Post Deployment Steps

Once the CloudFormation stack is completed, follow the steps to configure the IMC Kit to make it operational.

\*\*Note – for Option 2a deployments, models and assets are not required to collect data.

**Option 2a Steps**

1. Download the Ignition Designer software
   1. Navigate to the EC2 console and retrieve the public IP address of the EC2 instance running Ignition for the IMC Kit
      1. The end of the EC2’s instance should contain “Ignition”
   2. In your browser of choice, visit the following URL: http://<ignition\_ec2\_IP>:8088
   3. On the top right corner of the screen, click “Get Designer”
   4. Install the Ignition Designer for your operating system
2. Open the Ignition Designer and connect to your Ignition server
   1. Launch the Designer
   2. Click “Add Designer”
   3. Click “Manually Add Gateway”
   4. Add a Gateway URL in the following format: <http://[ignition_ec2_public_ip]:8088>
   5. Under the Gateway tile you just added, click “Launch”
   6. Supply the username and password and click “Login”
      1. Username: admin
      2. Password: password
3. Trigger an MQTT node “birth” message
   1. Note for AWS/SME: a birth message is triggered by launching the Ignition Designer, navigating to the tag browser 🡪 tag providers 🡪 MQTT Transmission 🡪 Transmission Control 🡪 clicking the “Refresh” button.
   2. This action triggers the IMC kit’s AMC, which creates the models and assets that represent the Ignition hierarchy in SiteWise.
      1. \*\* Not required to collect data for this deployment option
4. Validate Incoming PLC Data in IoT Core
   1. Navigate to the AWS IoT Core console.
   2. Select “Test” from the navbar on the left.
   3. Subscribe to the topic: “spBv1.0/AWS Smart Factory/DDATA/#”
   4. Verify that messages are coming in from this topic.
5. Validate Incoming PLC Data in S3
   1. Navigate to the S3 console.
   2. Search for the bucket: “[stack\_name\_here]-imcs3bucket-[hash]
   3. Click into the bucket and confirm that a directory inside the bucket called “mqtt” exists.

### Troubleshooting

**Data via the MQTT Transmission module doesn’t show up in IoT Cloud**

1. Open the Ignition web UI: Navigate to the AWS EC2 Console and find the EC2 instance running Ignition server. It should be named “Virtual/[Option2a\_or\_Option2b]/Ignition
2. Get the public IP address of that instance, and load a URL like this into your broser of choice: http://<IgnitionServerPublicIP>:8088
3. Open the Ignition Web UI is open, you should see a gear like icon on the left labeled ‘Config’. Click that, and it will ask you to log in. The default credentials are:
   1. Username: admin
   2. Password: password
4. Navigate to “MQTT Transmission -> Settings -> Server” and confirm that the connectivity shows 1 of 1. If it doesn’t, click edit and:
   1. Make sure the URL is in the format: ssl://[your\_aws\_account\_iot\_endpoint]:8883
   2. Download the .tar.gz file that represents the non-GreenGrass IoT thing from the following S3 bucket location:
      1. Bucket Name: [stack\_name]-devicesbucketresource-hash
      2. Key Name: [name\_for\_edge\_device\_parameter]/[name\_for\_edge\_device\_parameter]Device.tar.gz
   3. Expand the tarball
   4. Replace the CA Certificate File with “root.ca.pem” from the tarball package
   5. Replace the Client Certificate File with the “.pem” file from the tarball package
   6. Replace the Client Private Key File with the “.private” file from the tarball package
   7. Hit “Save Changes”, and make sure that the connectivity says “1 of 1”.

**Can’t access Ignition Web UI**

Ensure that you’re attempting to make the connection from the same network you defined as “Your Public IP” while setting up the stack. If you’re attempting from a different network, you’ll need to edit the security group associated with the two EC2 instances (it is the same security group).

1. Navigate to the EC2 console
2. Highlight one of the two EC2 instances that has been created for your deployment
3. Scroll to the right and click on the Security Group associated with the EC2 instance
4. Edit the “inbound” rules for the rule associated with port 8088 to match the IP address you’re attempting the connection from

**Narrowing Ignition/Greengrass Permissions (for workload template deployments only)**

1. Navigate to the EC2 console
2. Take note of the private IP addresses of the following
   1. The Greengrass EC2 instance for the current deployment
   2. The Ignition EC2 instance for the current deployment
3. Highlight one of the two EC2 instances that has been created for your deployment
4. Scroll to the right and click on the Security Group associated with the EC2 instance
5. Edit the rule associated with port 8883 and replace “0.0.0.0/0” with the private IP address for the Ignition EC2 instance
6. Edit the rule associated with port 62541 and replace “0.0.0.0/0” with the private IP address for the Greengrass EC2 instance

## Virtual Option 2a Ignition File Export

Open up the AWS Console and navigate to the CloudFormation console. Create a new stack and select “with new resources (standard)”).

### CloudFormation stack launch

**Step 1: Specify templates**

* Pre-Requisite:
  1. Select “Template is ready”
* Specify Template (Choose one of the below):
  1. Template Source: Leave as default – “Amazon S3 URL”. Most users will want to use the “IMC-main.template.yaml” CloudFormation main template that’s in the AWS Quick Start S3 bucket. The full S3 URL for the main template is:
     1. Main Template S3 URL: https://aws-quickstart.s3.amazonaws.com/quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/templates/IMC-main.template.yaml
     2. This template launches the solution in a new VPC. Note, only 5 VPCs per account are permitted.
  2. Alternatively, launch the “IMC-workload.template.yaml” Cloudformation template. The workload template launches the solution in your default VPC.
     1. Workload Template S3 URL: https://aws-quickstart.s3.amazonaws.com/quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/templates/IMC-workload.template.yaml
* Click Next to proceed to Step 2 of the CloudFormation stack launch (Specify stack details)

**Step 2 – Specify Stack Details (if using main template)**

* Stack Name:
  + Stack Name: Give the stack a unique name such as “IMC-Virtual”
* Parameters
  + Network Configuration
    - VPC CIDR: Defaults to 10.0.0.0/16. Change if desired
    - Public subnet 1 CIDR: Defaults to 10.0.128.0/20. Change if desired
    - VPC Tenancy: Defaults to non-dedicated. Change if desired.
  + AWS Quick Start Configuration
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Name: aws-quickstart
    - QuickStart S3 Key Prefix: quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Region: Suggested to leave as default “us-east-1”
  + Edge Deployment Configuration
    - Name for the edge device**:** You may leave as default or, if desired, you may specify a new name for the edge device. This name will be the name of the Greengrass group that gets created with this stack.
    - Type of Deployment (Virtual or Physical):Virtual
    - Deployment Flow: Select “Option 2a”.
  + Amazon EC2 Configuration
    - SSH Key Name: Select your SSH Key Name (EC2 Key Pair). This is the Key Pair used to SSH into the EC2 instances and bootstrap the partner edge software application and AWS IoT Greengrass, respectively.
    - Greengrass EC2 Instance Type**:** (default: t3.small) You can select a larger (t3.medium) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - Ignition EC2 Instance Types: (default: t3.large) You can select a larger (t3.xlarge) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - Select the Asset Model Converter (AMC) Driver: Select “IgnitionFileExport”.
    - User Public IP Address: Input your public IP address in the format “x.x.x.x” so the EC2 instance security groups allow access from your IP address.

**Step 2: Specify stack details (if using workload template)**

* Stack Name:
  + Stack Name: Give the stack a unique name such as “IMC-Virtual”
* Parameters:
  + Edge Deployment Configuration
    - Name for the edge device**:** You may leave as default or, if desired, you may specify a new name for the edge device. This name will be the name of the Greengrass group that gets created with this stack.
    - Type of Deployment (Virtual or Physical):Virtual
    - Deployment Flow: Select “Option 2a”
  + Amazon EC2 Configuration
    - SSH Key Name: Select your SSH Key Name (EC2 Key Pair). This is the Key Pair used to SSH into the EC2 instances and bootstrap the partner edge software application and AWS IoT Greengrass, respectively.
    - VPC ID: Find your default VPC ID and copy it into this field.
    - Greengrass EC2 Instance Type**:** (default: t3.small) You can select a larger (t3.medium) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - Ignition EC2 Instance Types: (default: t3.large) You can select a larger (t3.xlarge) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - EC2 Subnet: Find the VPC Subnet associated with availability zone [your\_region\_here]a in your account and use that value in this field.
    - CIDR range for Ignition/Greengrass: Navigate to the VPC console, navigate to “subnets”, and copy the IPv4 CIDR range associated with the default VPC’s us-east-1a subnet to your clipboard. Use the copied value for this field.
  + AWS Quick Start Configuration
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Name: aws-quickstart
    - QuickStart S3 Key Prefix: quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Region: Suggested to leave as default “us-east-1”
    - Select the Asset Model Converter (AMC) Driver: Select “IgnitionFileExport”.
    - User Public IP Address: Input your public IP address in the format “x.x.x.x” so the EC2 instance security groups allow access from your IP address.
  + Click “Next” to proceed to Step 3 “Configure stack options”
* **Step 3: Configure stack options**
  + Accept all defaults
  + Click “Next” to proceed to Step 4 “Review”
* **Step 4: Review**
  + Review and accept the acknowledgements at the bottom of the page
  + Click “Create stack” to launch the CloudFormation stack

**Stack Deployment:**

Stack deployment will take approximately 5-10 minutes. You can track the progress of the stack launch by viewing the “Events” tab of the stack.

### Post Deployment Steps

Once the CloudFormation stack is completed, follow the steps to configure the IMC Kit to make it operational.

\*\*Note – for Option 2a deployments, models and assets are not required to collect data.

**Option 2a Steps**

1. Export the JSON file that describes your project hierarchy in Ignition.
   1. Download the Ignition Designer software
      1. Navigate to the EC2 console and retrieve the public IP address of the EC2 instance running Ignition for the IMC Kit
         1. The end of the EC2’s instance should contain “Ignition”
      2. In your browser of choice, visit the following URL: http://<ignition\_ec2\_IP>:8088
      3. On the top right corner of the screen, click “Get Designer”
      4. Install the Ignition Designer for your operating system
   2. Open the Ignition Designer and connect to your Ignition server
      1. Launch the Designer
      2. Click “Add Designer”
      3. Click “Manually Add Gateway”
      4. Add a Gateway URL in the following format: <http://[ignition_ec2_public_ip]:8088>
      5. Under the Gateway tile you just added, click “Launch”
      6. Supply the username and password and click “Login”
         1. Username: admin
         2. Password: password
   3. A screenshot of a cell phone

      Description automatically generatedIn the Tag Browser, under “Tag Providers” select “default” and click export.
2. Upload the JSON file from step 1 into the following S3 bucket created during deployment to trigger the AMC and creation of models and assets in SiteWise:
   1. [name\_of\_stack]-[amcincomingresource]-[hash]
      1. Upon dropping the JSON file in this S3 bucket, an S3 event trigger will automatically invoke the AMC Lambda function
   2. Wait for the AMC to complete creating your models and assets in SiteWise
3. Validate Incoming PLC Data in IoT Core
   1. Navigate to the AWS IoT Core console.
   2. Select “Test” from the navbar on the left.
   3. Subscribe to the topic: “spBv1.0/AWS Smart Factory/DDATA/#”
   4. Verify that messages are coming in from this topic.
4. Validate Incoming PLC Data in S3
   1. Navigate to the S3 console.
   2. Search for the bucket: “[stack\_name\_here]-imcs3bucket-[hash]
   3. Click into the bucket and confirm that a directory inside the bucket called “mqtt” exists.

### Troubleshooting

**Data via the MQTT Transmission module doesn’t show up in IoT Cloud**

1. Open the Ignition web UI: Navigate to the AWS EC2 Console and find the EC2 instance running Ignition server. Its name should end with /Ignition
2. Get the public IP address of that instance, and load a URL like this into your browser of choice: http://<IgnitionServerPublicIP>:8088
3. Open the Ignition Web UI is open, you should see a gear like icon on the left labeled ‘Config’. Click that, and it will ask you to log in. The default credentials are:
   1. Username: admin
   2. Password: password
4. Navigate to “MQTT Transmission -> Settings -> Server” and confirm that the connectivity shows 1 of 1. If it doesn’t, click edit and:
   1. Make sure the URL is in the format: ssl://[your\_aws\_account\_iot\_endpoint]:8883
   2. Download the .tar.gz file that represents the non-GreenGrass IoT thing from the following S3 bucket location:
      1. Bucket Name: [stack\_name]-devicesbucketresource-hash
      2. Key Name: [name\_for\_edge\_device\_parameter]/[name\_for\_edge\_device\_parameter]Device.tar.gz
   3. Expand the tarball
   4. Replace the CA Certificate File with “root.ca.pem” from the tarball package
   5. Replace the Client Certificate File with the “.pem” file from the tarball package
   6. Replace the Client Private Key File with the “.private” file from the tarball package
   7. Hit “Save Changes”, and make sure that the connectivity says “1 of 1”.

**Can’t access Ignition Web UI**

Ensure that you’re attempting to make the connection from the same network you defined as “Your Public IP” while setting up the stack. If you’re attempting from a different network, you’ll need to edit the security group associated with the two EC2 instances (it is the same security group).

1. Navigate to the EC2 console
2. Highlight one of the two EC2 instances that has been created for your deployment
3. Scroll to the right and click on the Security Group associated with the EC2 instance
4. Edit the “inbound” rules for the rule associated with port 8088 to match the IP address you’re attempting the connection from

**Narrowing Ignition/Greengrass Permissions (for workload template deployments only)**

1. Navigate to the EC2 console
2. Take note of the private IP addresses of the following
   1. The Greengrass EC2 instance for the current deployment
   2. The Ignition EC2 instance for the current deployment
3. Highlight one of the two EC2 instances that has been created for your deployment
4. Scroll to the right and click on the Security Group associated with the EC2 instance
5. Edit the rule associated with port 8883 and replace “0.0.0.0/0” with the private IP address for the Ignition EC2 instance
6. Edit the rule associated with port 62541 and replace “0.0.0.0/0” with the private IP address for the Greengrass EC2 instance

## Virtual Option 2b Cirrus Link Module

Open up the AWS Console and navigate to the CloudFormation console. Create a new stack and select “with new resources (standard)”).

### CloudFormation stack launch

**Step 1: Specify templates**

* Pre-Requisite:
  1. Select “Template is ready”
* Specify Template (Choose one of the below):
  1. Template Source: Leave as default – “Amazon S3 URL”. Most users will want to use the “IMC-main.template.yaml” CloudFormation main template that’s in the AWS Quick Start S3 bucket. The full S3 URL for the main template is:
     1. Main Template S3 URL: https://aws-quickstart.s3.amazonaws.com/quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/templates/IMC-main.template.yaml
     2. This template launches the solution in a new VPC. Note, only 5 VPCs per account are permitted.
  2. Alternatively, launch the “IMC-workload.template.yaml” Cloudformation template. The workload template launches the solution in your default VPC.
     1. Workload Template S3 URL: https://aws-quickstart.s3.amazonaws.com/quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/templates/IMC-workload.template.yaml
* Click Next to proceed to Step 2 of the CloudFormation stack launch (Specify stack details)

**Step 2 – Specify Stack Details (if using main template)**

* Stack Name:
  + Stack Name: Give the stack a unique name such as “IMC-Virtual”
* Parameters
  + Network Configuration
    - VPC CIDR: Defaults to 10.0.0.0/16. Change if desired
    - Public subnet 1 CIDR: Defaults to 10.0.128.0/20. Change if desired
    - VPC Tenancy: Defaults to non-dedicated. Change if desired.
  + AWS Quick Start Configuration
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Name: aws-quickstart
    - QuickStart S3 Key Prefix: quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Region: Suggested to leave as default “us-east-1”
  + Edge Deployment Configuration
    - Name for the edge device**:** You may leave as default or, if desired, you may specify a new name for the edge device. This name will be the name of the Greengrass group that gets created with this stack.
    - Type of Deployment (Virtual or Physical):Virtual
    - Deployment Flow: Select “Option 2b”.
  + Amazon EC2 Configuration
    - SSH Key Name: Select your SSH Key Name (EC2 Key Pair). This is the Key Pair used to SSH into the EC2 instances and bootstrap the partner edge software application and AWS IoT Greengrass, respectively.Greengrass EC2 Instance Type**:** (default: t3.small) You can select a larger (t3.medium) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - Ignition EC2 Instance Types: (default: t3.large) You can select a larger (t3.xlarge) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - Select the Asset Model Converter (AMC) Driver: Leave as default “IgnitionCirrusLink”.
    - User Public IP Address: Input your public IP address in the format “x.x.x.x” so the EC2 instance security groups allow access from your IP address.

**Step 2: Specify stack details (if using workload template)**

* Stack Name:
  + Stack Name: Give the stack a unique name such as “IMC-Virtual”
* Parameters:
  + Edge Deployment Configuration
    - Name for the edge device**:** You may leave as default or, if desired, you may specify a new name for the edge device. This name will be the name of the Greengrass group that gets created with this stack.
    - Type of Deployment (Virtual or Physical):Virtual
    - Deployment Flow: Select “Option 2b”
  + Amazon EC2 Configuration
    - SSH Key Name: Select your SSH Key Name (EC2 Key Pair). This is the Key Pair used to SSH into the EC2 instances and bootstrap the partner edge software application and AWS IoT Greengrass, respectively.
    - VPC ID: Find your default VPC ID and copy it into this field.
    - Greengrass EC2 Instance Type**:** (default: t3.small) You can select a larger (t3.medium) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - Ignition EC2 Instance Types: (default: t3.large) You can select a larger (t3.xlarge) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - EC2 Subnet: Find the VPC Subnet associated with availability zone [your\_region\_here]a in your account and use that value in this field.
    - CIDR range for Ignition/Greengrass: Navigate to the VPC console, navigate to “subnets”, and copy the IPv4 CIDR range associated with the default VPC’s us-east-1a subnet to your clipboard. Use the copied value for this field.
  + AWS Quick Start Configuration
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Name: aws-quickstart
    - QuickStart S3 Key Prefix: quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Region: Suggested to leave as default “us-east-1”
    - Select the Asset Model Converter (AMC) Driver: Leave as default “IgnitionCirrusLink”.
    - User Public IP Address: Input your public IP address in the format “x.x.x.x” so the EC2 instance security groups allow access from your IP address.
  + Click “Next” to proceed to Step 3 “Configure stack options”
* **Step 3: Configure stack options**
  + Accept all defaults
  + Click “Next” to proceed to Step 4 “Review”
* **Step 4: Review**
  + Review and accept the acknowledgements at the bottom of the page
  + Click “Create stack” to launch the CloudFormation stack

**Stack Deployment:**

Stack deployment will take approximately 5-10 minutes. You can track the progress of the stack launch by viewing the “Events” tab of the stack.

### Post Deployment Steps

Once the CloudFormation stack is completed, follow the steps to configure the IMC Kit to make it operational.

\*\*Note – for Option 2b deployments, models and assets are not required to collect data.

**Option 2b Steps**

1. Download the Ignition Designer software
   1. Navigate to the EC2 console and retrieve the public IP address of the EC2 instance running Ignition for the IMC Kit
      1. The end of the EC2’s instance should contain “Ignition”
   2. In your browser of choice, visit the following URL: http://<ignition\_ec2\_IP>:8088
   3. On the top right corner of the screen, click “Get Designer”
   4. Install the Ignition Designer for your operating system
2. Open the Ignition Designer and connect to your Ignition server
   1. Launch the Designer
   2. Click “Add Designer”
   3. Click “Manually Add Gateway”
   4. Add a Gateway URL in the following format: <http://[ignition_ec2_public_ip]:8088>
   5. Under the Gateway tile you just added, click “Launch”
   6. Supply the username and password and click “Login”
      1. Username: admin
      2. Password: password
3. Trigger an MQTT node “birth” message
   1. Note for AWS/SME: a birth message is triggered by launching the Ignition Designer, navigating to the tag browser 🡪 tag providers 🡪 MQTT Transmission 🡪 Transmission Control 🡪 clicking the “Refresh” button.
   2. This action triggers the IMC kit’s AMC, which creates the models and assets that represent the Ignition hierarchy in SiteWise.
      1. \*\* Not required to collect data for this deployment option
4. Validate Incoming PLC Data in IoT Core
   1. Navigate to the AWS IoT Core console.
   2. Select “Test” from the navbar on the left.
   3. Subscribe to the topic: “spBv1.0/AWS Smart Factory/DDATA/#”
   4. Verify that messages are coming in from this topic.
5. Validate Incoming PLC Data in S3
   1. Navigate to the S3 console.
   2. Search for the bucket: “[stack\_name\_here]-imcs3bucket-[hash]
   3. Click into the bucket and confirm that a directory inside the bucket called “mqtt” exists.

### Troubleshooting

**Data via the MQTT Transmission module doesn’t show up in IoT Cloud**

1. Open the Ignition web UI: Navigate to the AWS EC2 Console and find the EC2 instance running Ignition server. It should be named “Virtual/[Option2a\_or\_Option2b]/Ignition
2. Get the public IP address of that instance, and load a URL like this into your browser of choice: http://<IgnitionServerPublicIP>:8088
3. Open the Ignition Web UI is open, you should see a gear like icon on the left labeled ‘Config’. Click that, and it will ask you to log in. The default credentials are:
   1. Username: admin
   2. Password: password
4. Navigate to “MQTT Transmission -> Settings -> Server” and confirm that the connectivity shows 1 of 1. If it doesn’t, click edit and:
   1. Make sure the URL is in the format: ssl://[greengrass\_ec2\_private\_ip\_address]:8883
   2. Download the .tar.gz file that represents the GreenGrass IoT thing from the following S3 bucket location:
      1. Bucket Name: [stack\_name]-devicesbucketresource-hash
      2. Key Name: [name\_for\_edge\_device\_parameter]/[name\_for\_edge\_device\_parameter]Device.tar.gz
   3. Expand the tarball
   4. Retrieve the GreenGrass group CA certificate by running the following command, replacing the sections in red with their correstponding CloudFormation template outputs found in the “NESTED” stack:
      1. wget -O root.ca.pem <https://$RESTAPIID.execute-api.$REGION.amazonaws.com/api/deploygg/$EDGEDEVICEID>
   5. Replace the Client Certificate File with the “.pem” file from the tarball package
   6. Replace the Client Certificate File with the “.private” file from the tarball package
   7. Replace the CA Certificate File with the “root.ca.pem” file retrieved from step d.
   8. Check the “show advanced properties” box
   9. Make sure the client ID reads: [name\_for\_edge\_device\_parameter]Device
   10. Hit “Save Changes”, and make sure that the connectivity says “1 of 1”.

**Can’t access Ignition Web UI**

Ensure that you’re attempting to make the connection from the same network you defined as “Your Public IP” while setting up the stack. If you’re attempting from a different network, you’ll need to edit the security group associated with the two EC2 instances (it is the same security group).

1. Navigate to the EC2 console
2. Highlight one of the two EC2 instances that has been created for your deployment
3. Scroll to the right and click on the Security Group associated with the EC2 instance
4. Edit the “inbound” rules for the rule associated with port 8088 to match the IP address you’re attempting the connection from

**Narrowing Ignition/Greengrass Permissions (for workload template deployments only)**

1. Navigate to the EC2 console
2. Take note of the private IP addresses of the following
   1. The Greengrass EC2 instance for the current deployment
   2. The Ignition EC2 instance for the current deployment
3. Highlight one of the two EC2 instances that has been created for your deployment
4. Scroll to the right and click on the Security Group associated with the EC2 instance
5. Edit the rule associated with port 8883 and replace “0.0.0.0/0” with the private IP address for the Ignition EC2 instance
6. Edit the rule associated with port 62541 and replace “0.0.0.0/0” with the private IP address for the Greengrass EC2 instance

## Virtual Option 2b Ignition File Export

Open up the AWS Console and navigate to the CloudFormation console. Create a new stack and select “with new resources (standard)”).

### CloudFormation stack launch

**Step 1: Specify templates**

* Pre-Requisite:
  1. Select “Template is ready”
* Specify Template (Choose one of the below):
  1. Template Source: Leave as default – “Amazon S3 URL”. Most users will want to use the “IMC-main.template.yaml” CloudFormation main template that’s in the AWS Quick Start S3 bucket. The full S3 URL for the main template is:
     1. Main Template S3 URL: https://aws-quickstart.s3.amazonaws.com/quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/templates/IMC-main.template.yaml
     2. This template launches the solution in a new VPC. Note, only 5 VPCs per account are permitted.
  2. Alternatively, launch the “IMC-workload.template.yaml” Cloudformation template. The workload template launches the solution in your default VPC.
     1. Workload Template S3 URL: https://aws-quickstart.s3.amazonaws.com/quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/templates/IMC-workload.template.yaml
* Click Next to proceed to Step 2 of the CloudFormation stack launch (Specify stack details)

**Step 2 – Specify Stack Details (if using main template)**

* Stack Name:
  + Stack Name: Give the stack a unique name such as “IMC-Virtual”
* Parameters
  + Network Configuration
    - VPC CIDR: Defaults to 10.0.0.0/16. Change if desired
    - Public subnet 1 CIDR: Defaults to 10.0.128.0/20. Change if desired
    - VPC Tenancy: Defaults to non-dedicated. Change if desired.
  + AWS Quick Start Configuration
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Name: aws-quickstart
    - QuickStart S3 Key Prefix: quickstart-aws-industrial-machine-connectivity/
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Region: Suggested to leave as default “us-east-1”
  + Edge Deployment Configuration
    - Name for the edge device**:** You may leave as default or, if desired, you may specify a new name for the edge device. This name will be the name of the Greengrass group that gets created with this stack.
    - Type of Deployment (Virtual or Physical):Virtual
    - Deployment Flow: Select “Option 2b”.
  + Amazon EC2 Configuration
    - SSH Key Name: Select your SSH Key Name (EC2 Key Pair). This is the Key Pair used to SSH into the EC2 instances and bootstrap the partner edge software application and AWS IoT Greengrass, respectively.
    - Greengrass EC2 Instance Type**:** (default: t3.small) You can select a larger (t3.medium) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - Ignition EC2 Instance Types: (default: t3.large) You can select a larger (t3.xlarge) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - Select the Asset Model Converter (AMC) Driver: Select “IgnitionFileExport”.
    - User Public IP Address: Input your public IP address in the format “x.x.x.x” so the EC2 instance security groups allow access from your IP address.

**Step 2: Specify stack details (if using workload template)**

* Stack Name:
  + Stack Name: Give the stack a unique name such as “IMC-Virtual”
* Parameters:
  + Edge Deployment Configuration
    - Name for the edge device**:** You may leave as default or, if desired, you may specify a new name for the edge device. This name will be the name of the Greengrass group that gets created with this stack.
    - Type of Deployment (Virtual or Physical):Virtual
    - Deployment Flow: Select “Option 2b”
  + Amazon EC2 Configuration
    - SSH Key Name: Select your SSH Key Name (EC2 Key Pair). This is the Key Pair used to SSH into the EC2 instances and bootstrap the partner edge software application and AWS IoT Greengrass, respectively.
    - VPC ID: Find your default VPC ID and copy it into this field.
    - Greengrass EC2 Instance Type**:** (default: t3.small) You can select a larger (t3.medium) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - Ignition EC2 Instance Types: (default: t3.large) You can select a larger (t3.xlarge) instance if desired. It is suggested you leave the as the default value.
    - EC2 Subnet: Find the VPC Subnet associated with availability zone [your\_region\_here]a in your account and use that value in this field.
    - CIDR range for Ignition/Greengrass: Navigate to the VPC console, navigate to “subnets”, and copy the IPv4 CIDR range associated with the default VPC’s us-east-1a subnet to your clipboard. Use the copied value for this field.
  + AWS Quick Start Configuration
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Name: Use the name of the bucket you created previously in the Pre-Requisites section. We used the example S3 bucket name of “imc-quickstart-bucket-ABC-123”
    - QuickStart S3 Key Prefix: Use the name of the root folder in the S3 bucket you created. In the Pre-Requisites section, we named the folder “quickstart-IMC/”
    - QuickStart S3 Bucket Region: Suggested to leave as default “us-east-1”
    - Select the Asset Model Converter (AMC) Driver: Select “IgnitionFileExport”.
    - User Public IP Address: Input your public IP address in the format “x.x.x.x” so the EC2 instance security groups allow access from your IP address.
  + Click “Next” to proceed to Step 3 “Configure stack options”
* **Step 3: Configure stack options**
  + Accept all defaults
  + Click “Next” to proceed to Step 4 “Review”
* **Step 4: Review**
  + Review and accept the acknowledgements at the bottom of the page
  + Click “Create stack” to launch the CloudFormation stack

**Stack Deployment:**

Stack deployment will take approximately 5-10 minutes. You can track the progress of the stack launch by viewing the “Events” tab of the stack.

### Post Deployment Steps

Once the CloudFormation stack is completed, follow the steps to configure the IMC Kit to make it operational.

\*\*Note – for Option 2b deployments, models and assets are not required to collect data.

**Option 2b Steps**

1. Download the Ignition Designer software
   1. Navigate to the Ec2 console and retrieve the public IP address of the EC2 instance running Ignition for the IMC kit
      1. The end of the Ec2’s instance should contain “Ignition”
   2. In your browser choice, visit the following URL: http://<ignition\_ec2\_IP>:8088
   3. On the top corner of the screen, click “Get Designer”
   4. Install the Ignition Designer for your operating system
2. Export the JSON file that describes your project hierarchy in Ignition.
   1. Open the Ignition Designer and connect to your Ignition server
      1. Launch the Designer
      2. Click “Add Designer”
      3. Click “Manually Add Gateway”
      4. Add a Gateway URL in the following format: <http://[ignition_ec2_public_ip]:8088>
      5. Under the Gateway tile you just added, click “Launch”
      6. Supply the username and password and click “Login”
         1. Username: admin
         2. Password: password
   2. A screenshot of a cell phone

      Description automatically generatedIn the Tag Browser, under “Tag Providers” select “default” and click export.
3. Upload the JSON file from step 1 into the following S3 bucket created during deployment to trigger the AMC and creation of models and assets in SiteWise:
   1. [name\_of\_stack]-[amcincomingresource]-[hash]
      1. Upon dropping the JSON file in this S3 bucket, an S3 event trigger will automatically invoke the AMC Lambda function
   2. Wait for the AMC to complete creating your models and assets in SiteWise
4. Validate Incoming PLC Data in IoT Core
   1. Navigate to the AWS IoT Core console.
   2. Select “Test” from the navbar on the left.
   3. Subscribe to the topic: “spBv1.0/AWS Smart Factory/DDATA/#”
   4. Verify that messages are coming in from this topic.
5. Validate Incoming PLC Data in S3
   1. Navigate to the S3 console.
   2. Search for the bucket: “[stack\_name\_here]-imcs3bucket-[hash]
   3. Click into the bucket and confirm that a directory inside the bucket called “mqtt” exists.

### Troubleshooting

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   2. Download the .tar.gz file that represents the GreenGrass IoT thing from the following S3 bucket location:
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   3. Expand the tarball
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   6. Replace the Client Certificate File with the “.private” file from the tarball package
   7. Replace the CA Certificate File with the “root.ca.pem” file retrieved from step d.
   8. Check the “show advanced properties” box
   9. Make sure the client ID reads: [name\_for\_edge\_device\_parameter]Device
   10. Hit “Save Changes”, and make sure the connectivity says “1 of 1”.

**Can’t access Ignition Web UI**

Ensure that you’re attempting to make the connection from the same network you defined as “Your Public IP” while setting up the stack. If you’re attempting from a different network, you’ll need to edit the security group associated with the two EC2 instances (it is the same security group).

1. Navigate to the EC2 console
2. Highlight one of the two EC2 instances that has been created for your deployment
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6. Edit the rule associated with port 62541 and replace “0.0.0.0/0” with the private IP address for the Greengrass EC2 instance

## Virtual Cleanup

Follow these steps to clean up the IMC CloudFormation stack deployment:

1. Navigate to the CloudFormation console and delete the base stack (not the stack named "NESTED"), in order to clean up the account as much as possible. Most of the resources will be deleted, but the stack deletion will fail due to non-empty S3 buckets and potentially a deployed Greengrass group (for all Virtual options by default, and for all Physical deployments that have been completed on a piece of hardware. The steps required to delete a stack are:
   1. Empty the S3 buckets:
      1. Navigate to the S3 service in the AWS Console.
      2. In the search bar, enter your stack name.
      3. For each bucket that is associated with the stack (naming convention: [name\_of\_stack]-[bucket\_identifier]-unique hash), select the bucket, and click “Empty” under the search bar.
      4. Here are the following “bucket identifiers” that exist for each deployment:
         1. amcincomingresource
         2. amcoutputresource
         3. devicesbucketresource
         4. imcs3bucket
         5. lambdazipsbucket
   2. Force a reset of the GreenGrass group:
      1. Navigate to the GreenGrass console
      2. Select the GreenGrass group with the “Name for the Edge device” parameter name provided to the stack
      3. Under “Actions”, select “Reset Deployments”
      4. Check the box that asks if you want to force the reset
      5. Click “Reset Deployment”
   3. Navigate back to the CloudFormation console and once again delete the base stack.
      1. There is a main and nested stack. you must delete the main stack (the one that does **not** have “NESTED” in a gray box associated with it.
2. Other resources to clean up after stack deletion: SiteWise Portal, SiteWise Gateway, **SiteWise Models and Assets**, QuickSight dataset.

## Virtual FAQs

**Why do the instructions for Options 2a and 2b include creating models and assets in SiteWise if data doesn’t populate via SiteWise?**

* The purpose of the IMC kit, in many respects, is to show the numerous possibilities of automation and expediency surrounding asset modeling between edge-based asset modeling software and SiteWise. Although not required, the creation of the models and assets during these data flow options highlights the AMC’s versatility as a module based solution.

**Can I update a stack to a different deployment type (Physical, Virtual) or dataflow option (Option1, 2a, 2b)?**

* Updates are currently not supported. To achieve a different deployment type or dataflow type, you'll need to [deploy a new stack](#_Virtual_1). See the details on having more than one stack deployed in an account below, and then decide whether or not you’ll want to [delete your original stack](#_Cleanup) before re-creating another.

**Can I deploy multiple times in the same AWS account?**

Yes, you may deploy multiple stacks in the same account – but be wary of the following:

* For Option 1 deployments, SiteWise may receive data from multiple sources if there are, for example, two instances of Ignition that are publishing data onto the topic “/Tag Providers/default/Line1/CNC/Temperature”.
* For Option 2a and 2b deployments, data ingestion pipelines are not deployment specific, and data will flow into AWS IoT on the same MQTT topics. This means if both a "Virtual Option 2a" and "Virtual Option 2b" deployment exists, data from the "Virtual Option 2a" deployment will appear in the "Virtual Option 2b" S3 bucket. To temporarily prevent this, you may disable the IoT Rules associated with the deployment you no longer want to receive data from. Find the IoT Rules associated with a specific deployment by the CloudFormation stack name.
* If SiteWise models and assets exist in the Cloud from a previous deployment, a new deployment will not re-create the model/asset hierarchy. Instead, the Asset Model Converter operates by recognizing any “deltas” in the existing models/assets and the new deployment hierarchy. For example:
  + If the previously deployed hierarchy is identical to the newly deployed, nothing in SiteWise is changed.
  + If the newly deployed hierarchy has an identical structure to the previously deployed hierarchy **with additional nodes that follow the hierarchy pattern,** the new models/assets will be created in SiteWise**:**
    - Previous:
      * Line 1/CNC1/Temperature
    - New:
      * Line 1/CNC1/Temperature
      * Line 1/CNC2/Temperature
* If the newly deployed hierarchy has a different hierarchy than the previously deployed hierarchy altogether, the Asset Model Converter will not succeed in creating the new models and assets.
* Refer to the instructions in the appendix showing how to [add a line and device with tags](#_Add_a_line) to a project in Ignition using the Ignition Designer.

**Can I re-run the AMC to create new models and assets?**

Yes. Follow these steps:

1. If any of the models/assets you want to create share a name with the models/assets created in the first pass of the AMC execution, you’ll need to delete the models and assets in SiteWise.
2. The second action you’ll need to take is clearing out the following DynamoDB tables associated with the initial IMC kit deployment:
   1. [stack-name]-asset-model-table
   2. [stack-name]-asset-table

Depending on your driver of choice, you’ll need to take the follow actions to re-run the AMC:

* IgnitionCirrusLink
  + Initiate a re-birth (NBIRTH,DBIRTH) MQTT message that represents the your project hierarchy.
    - Connect to your Ignition server in the Ignition Designer
    - A screenshot of a cell phone

      Description automatically generatedA birth message is triggered by launching the Ignition Designer, navigating to the tag browser 🡪 tag providers 🡪 MQTT Transmission 🡪 Transmission Control 🡪 clicking the “Refresh” button.
    - This action triggers the IMC kit’s AMC, which creates the models and assets that represent the Ignition hierarchy in SiteWise.
* IgnitionFileExport
  + Obtain your JSON file that represents the new hierarchy and drop it into the following S3 bucket:
    - [name\_of\_stack]-[amcincomingresource]-[hash]
* KepServerFileExport
  + Obtain your JSON file that represents the new hierarchy and drop it into the following S3 bucket:
    - [name\_of\_stack]-[amcincomingresource]-[hash]

**How do I add a QuickSight visual?**

Users may create Amazon QuickSight visuals for the data that is put in the S3 bucket via the Kinesis Data Firehose. Prior to creating these visuals, complete the following pre-requisite steps:

* Pre-Requisites
  + Open the AWS console and navigate to the QuickSight service console
  + If you have not previously used QuickSight, you will be asked to grant access to QuickSight. Refer to the Amazon QuickSight documentation for additional details:
    - <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/quicksight/latest/user/getting-started.html>
* Create a QuickSight visual
  + The data source will be the S3 bucket that receives data via the AWS IoT Core rule. The S3 bucket is named: [stack\_name\_here]-imcs3bucket-[hash]
  + Navigate to the Amazon QuickSight console home page and click “New analysis”, select “New dataset”, then select the Amazon S3 service icon.
  + Add details for the dataset:
    - Data source name: Provide a name for the IMC data set such as “IMC-QS-Dataset”
    - Manifest file: Leave the “URL” radio button selected for the “Upload a manifest file” text entry option and paste the S3 URL of the S3 bucket manifest file. The manifest file is located in the same S3 bucket where the data is stored (S3 bucket name: [stack\_name\_here]-imcs3bucket-[hash]). The manifest file is named “imcquicksightdata.json”. The S3 URL will follow this naming convention:
      * https:// [stack\_name\_here]-imcs3bucket-[hash].s3.amazonaws.com/imcquicksightdata.json